

“Drawdown Will Eventually Replace Annuities”

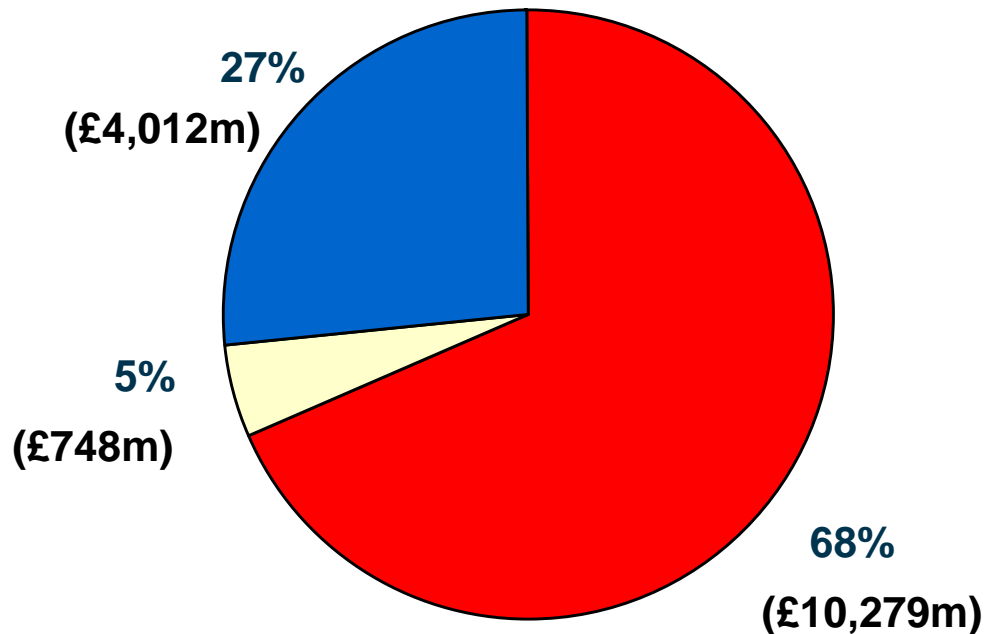
Tom Boardman

Annuitisation

- Puts capital at risk in exchange for receiving a mortality cross-subsidy
- Does not have to take place at the time an annuity is bought
- Provision of a death benefit can delay the timing of annuitisation
- Can be applied to annuities with unitised investments
- Annuitisation is the most effective and efficient way of maximising retirement income

Total 2007 UK retirement income market

Total Market £15,039m



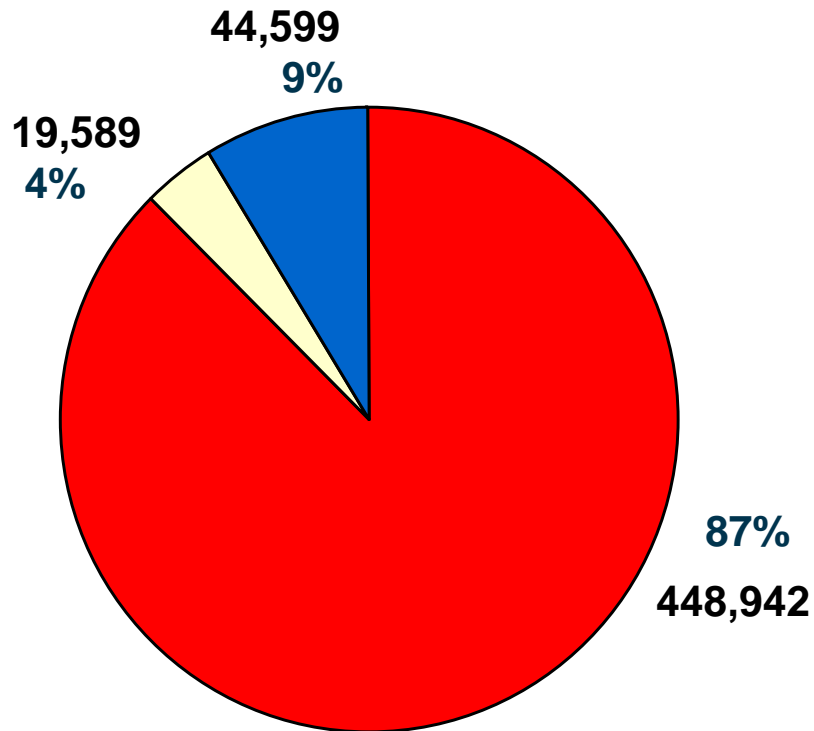
- Conventional annuities now account for 68% of the total retirement income market compared to 67% in 2001
- Income Drawdown accounts for 27% of the market compared to 28% in 2001

Source: ABI

■ **Conventional Annuity** ■ **Investment Linked Annuities** ■ **Income Drawdown**

Total 2007 UK retirement income market

Total Market 513,130 cases

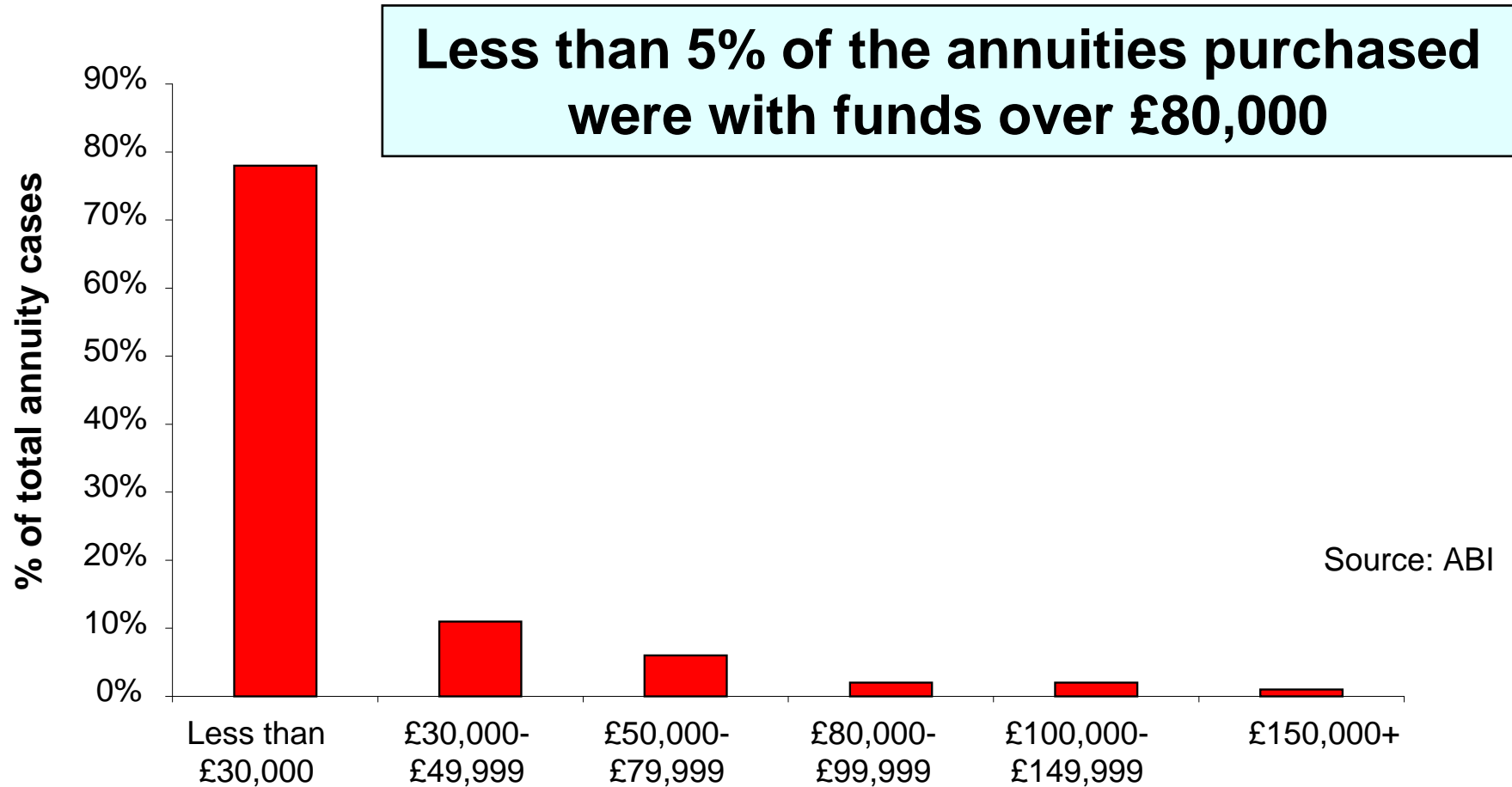


- Nearly 450,000 new Annuities
- 44,600 new Income Drawdown cases
- A long way to go before Drawdown replaces annuities!

Source: ABI

■ **Conventional Annuity** ■ **Investment Linked Annuities** ■ **Income Drawdown**

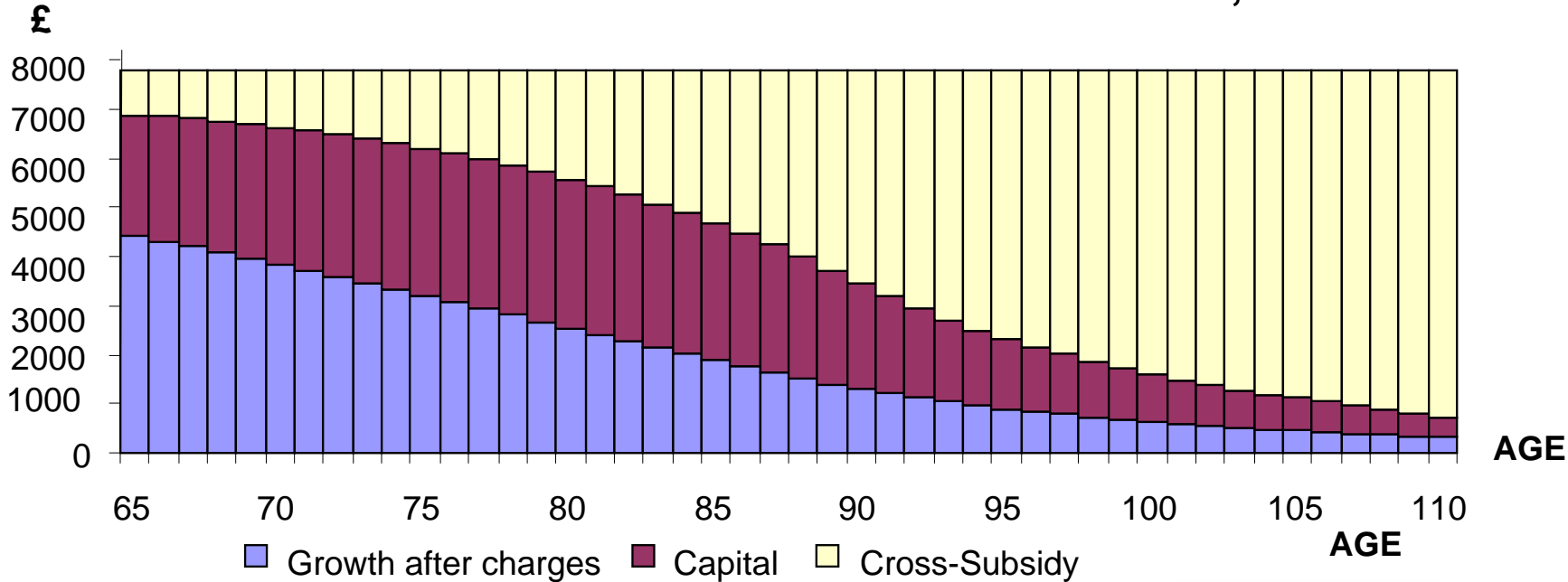
Annuity Funds Distribution 2007



The lifetime income guarantee provided by an annuity is funded by investment growth, the annuitant's own capital and the capital released by those dying early ...

Expected composition of each annuity payment for a male aged 65 purchasing an annuity for £100,000 providing an income of £7,773 payable at the end of each year to all annuitants still alive.

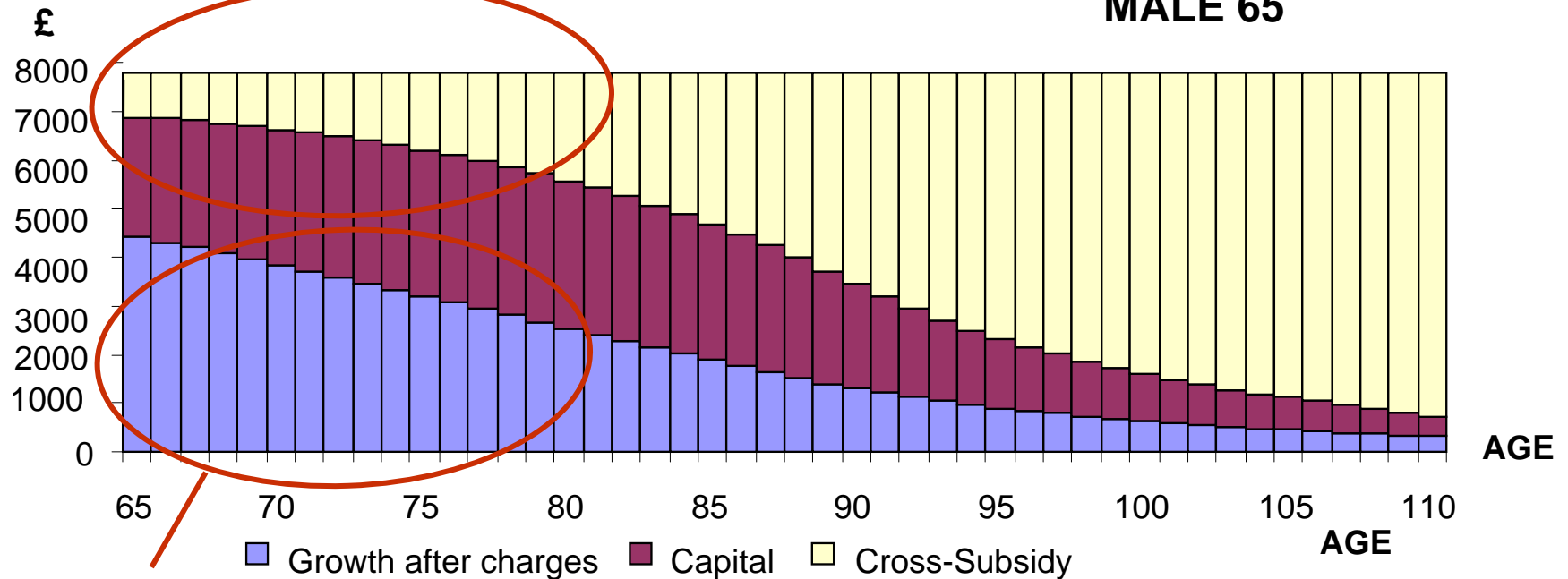
ANNUITY WITH NO DEATH BENEFIT MALE 65 - £7,773



In the early years the investment growth is the most significant constituent of the income payment and the cross-subsidy is small ...

Limited cross-subsidy

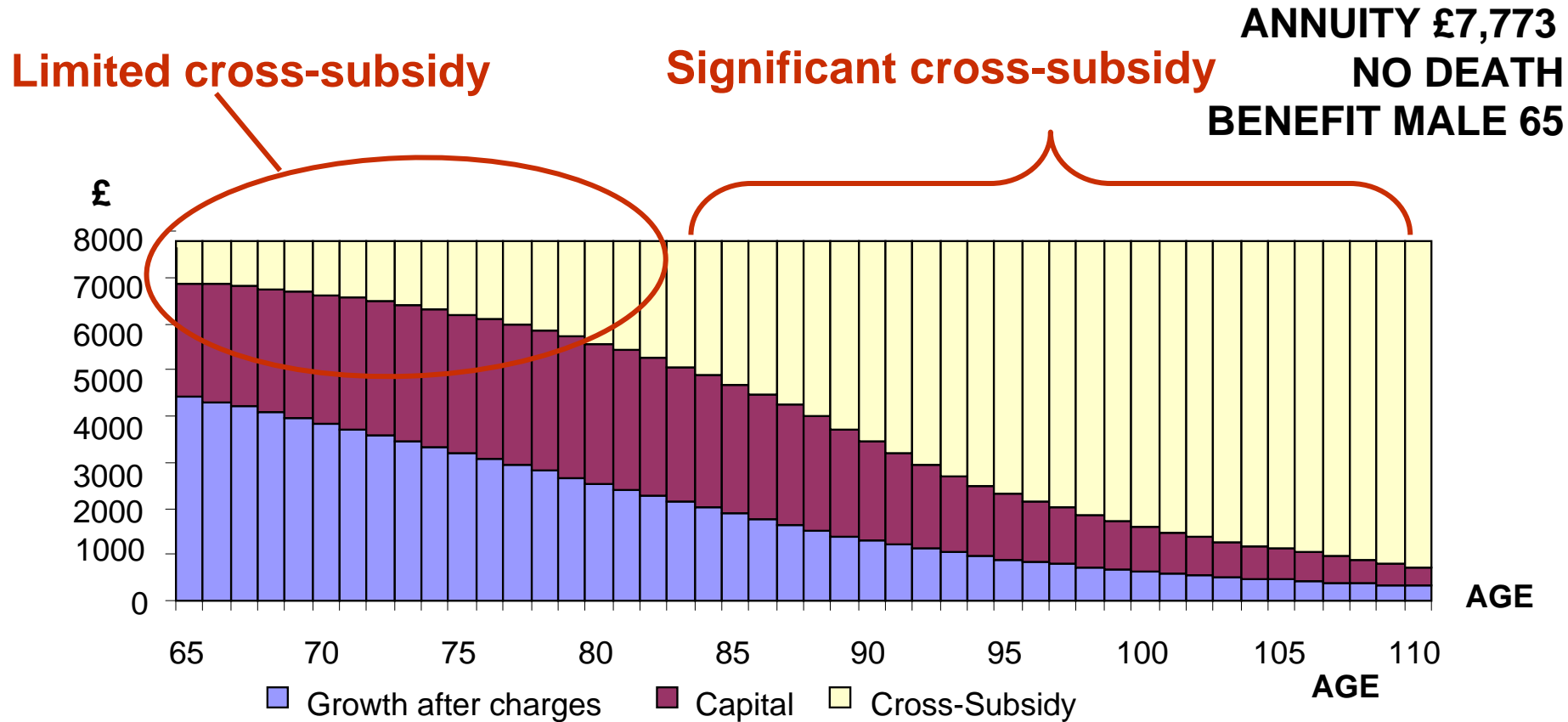
**ANNUITY £7,773
NO DEATH BENEFIT
MALE 65**



**Investment growth
significant**

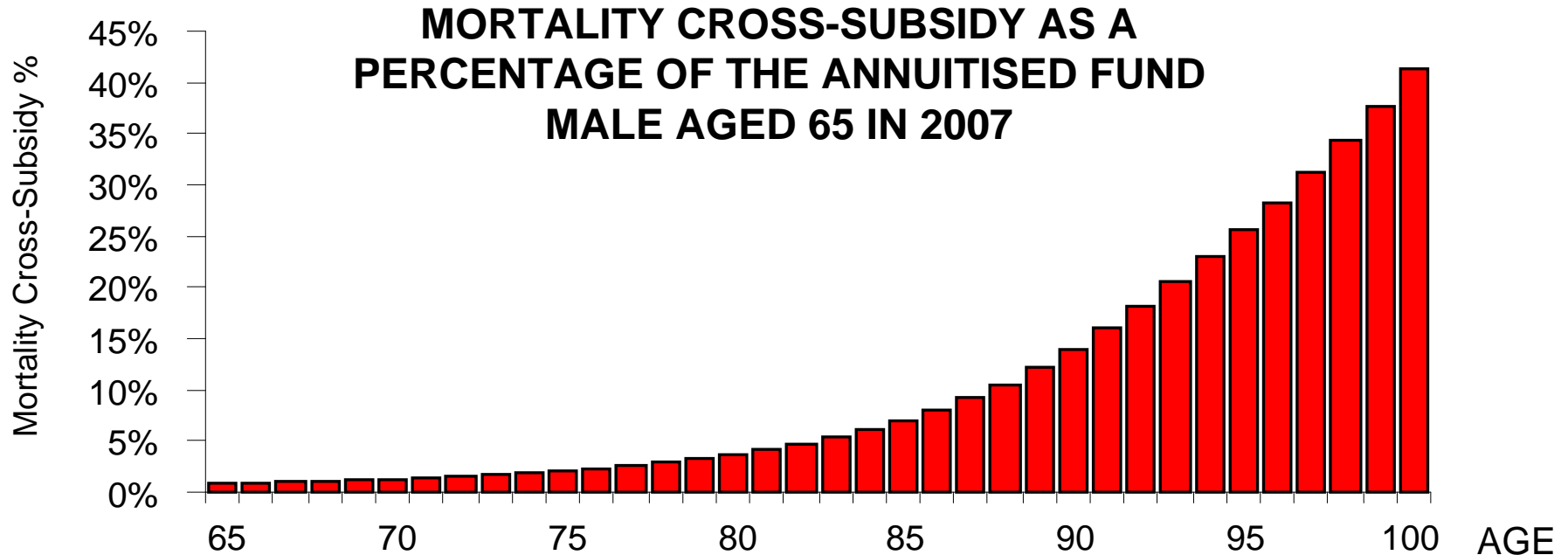
Source: Own analysis using 100% PNMA00 medium cohort 2007

As annuitants get older the impact of mortality cross subsidy grows rapidly ...



Source: Own analysis using 100% PNMA00 medium cohort 2007

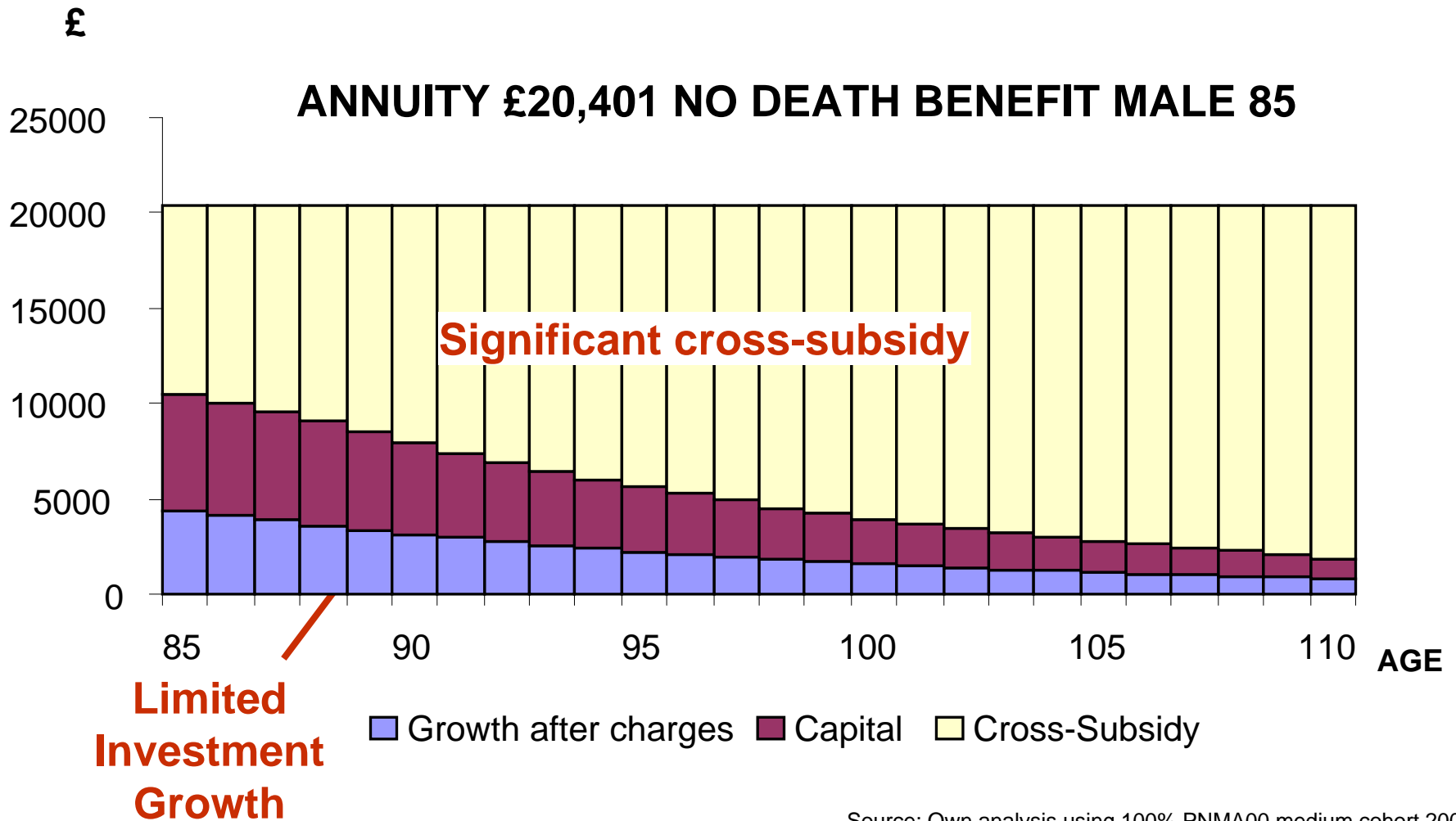
The funds of those dying in a year are spread over the lives surviving ...



Source: PNMA00 100% medium cohort; 2007 Mortality cross-subsidy = $qx / (1-qx)$

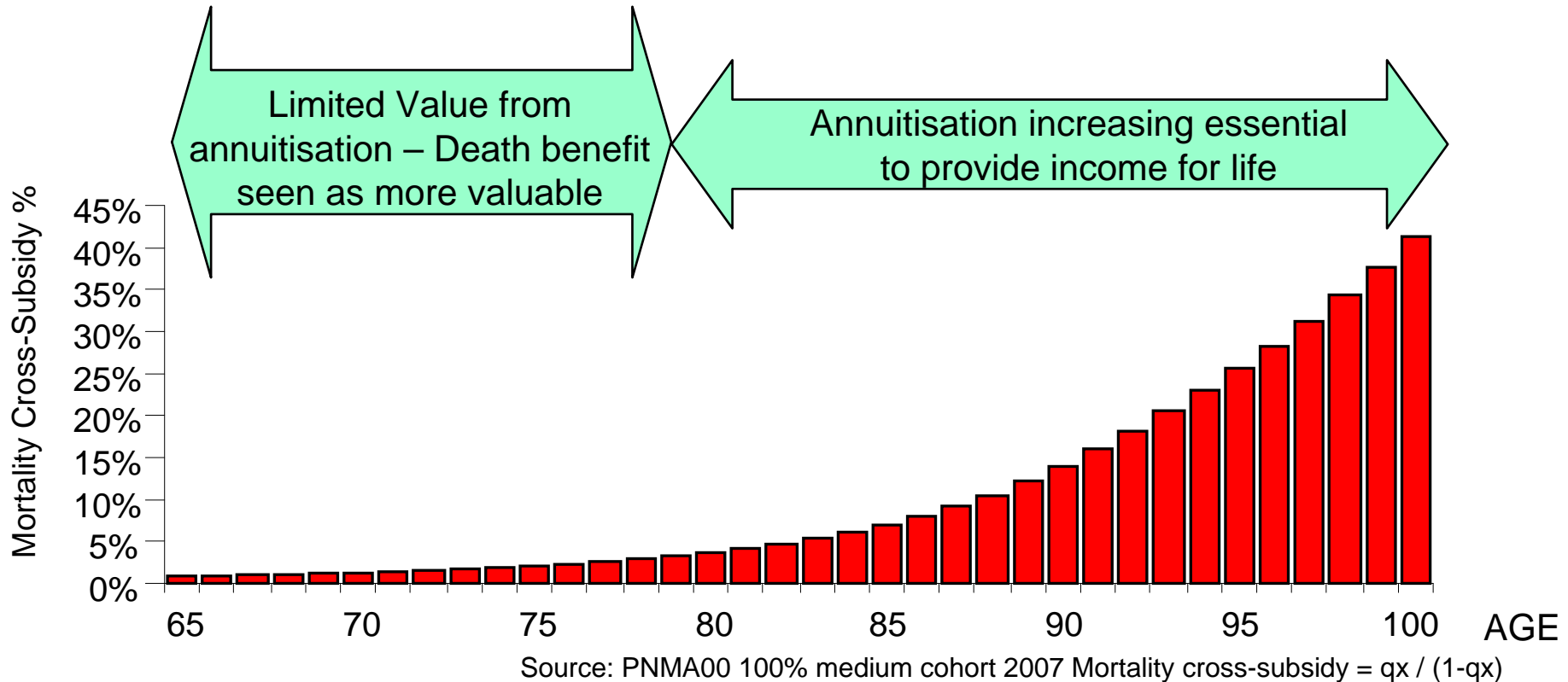
The scale of the mortality cross subsidy at older ages makes annuitisation essential for anyone without extensive alternative wealth.

At age 85 the cross-subsidy provides half of the guaranteed income and continues to grow in significance ...



Source: Own analysis using 100% PNMA00 medium cohort 2007

It is not a question of IF but WHEN pensioners should fully annuitise ...



How can we change the rules to better meet pensioners' needs?

Money Back Guarantee – The Consumers’ Perspective ...

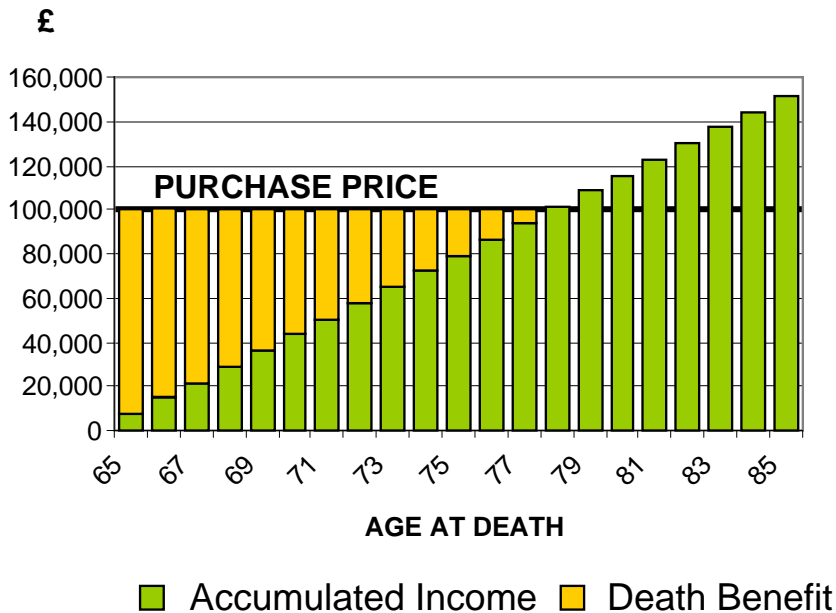
On death any excess of the original purchase price over the gross annuity payments already received is returned to the annuitant’s estate.

THE CONSUMER BENEFITS

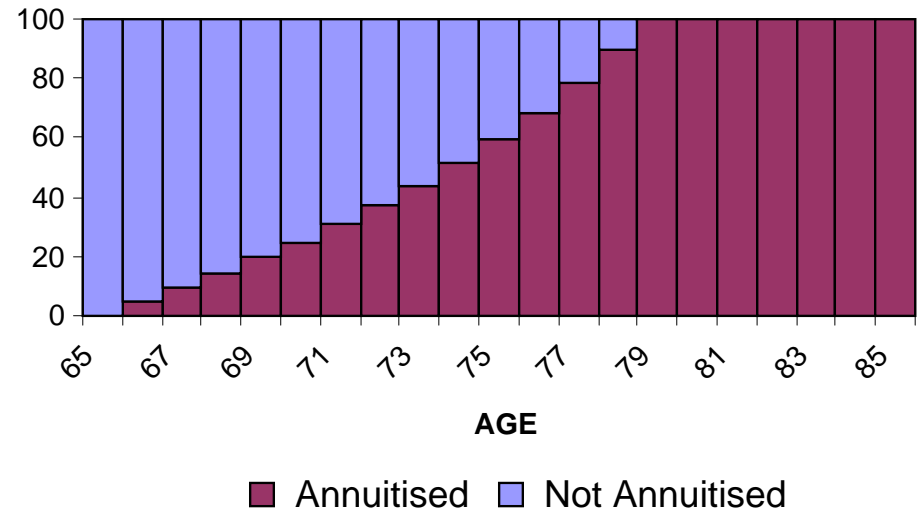
- Removes single biggest consumer objection to annuities:
“If I die soon after I retire, the annuity provider will keep my fund”
- ‘Live or die’ guarantee of getting your money back provides a simple underpin in the mass market
- More readily understood than continuation of current income for a limited period

Money-back annuities provide a guaranteed return of capital and allow full phasing into annuitisation ...

BENEFITS UNDER A MONEY-BACK ANNUITY - MALE AGED 65

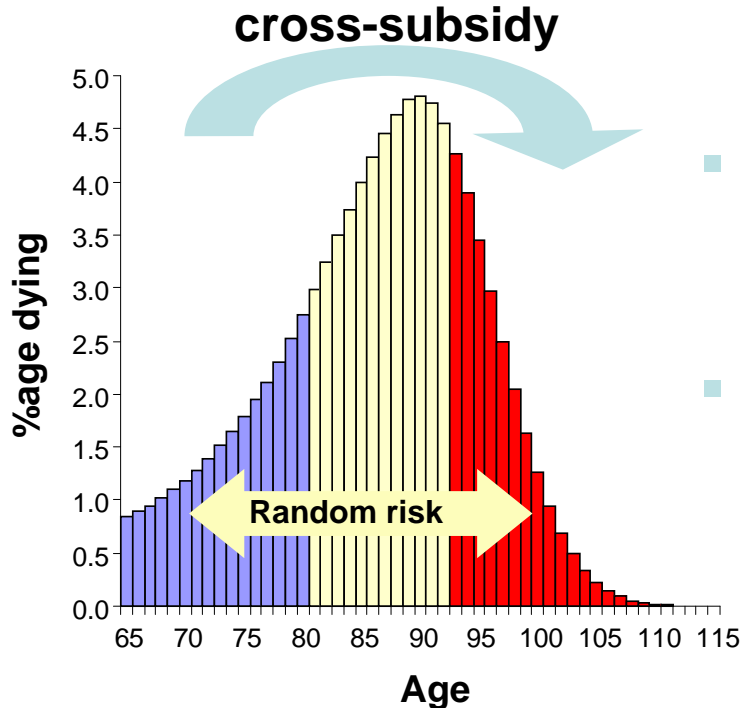


PROPORTION OF FUND ANNUITISED UNDER A MONEY-BACK ANNUITY FOR A MALE AGE 65



Charging for longevity insurance ...

Any scheme designed to pay guaranteed income to those who live beyond their life expectancy requires some form of cross-subsidy



Two charging methods for securing a guaranteed lifetime income:

- All or part of the capital of those dying early is used
 - the traditional lifetime annuity approach
- All policyholders pay an extra charge up to time of death or fund exhaustion
 - the Variable Annuity approach

Annuity charging approach ...

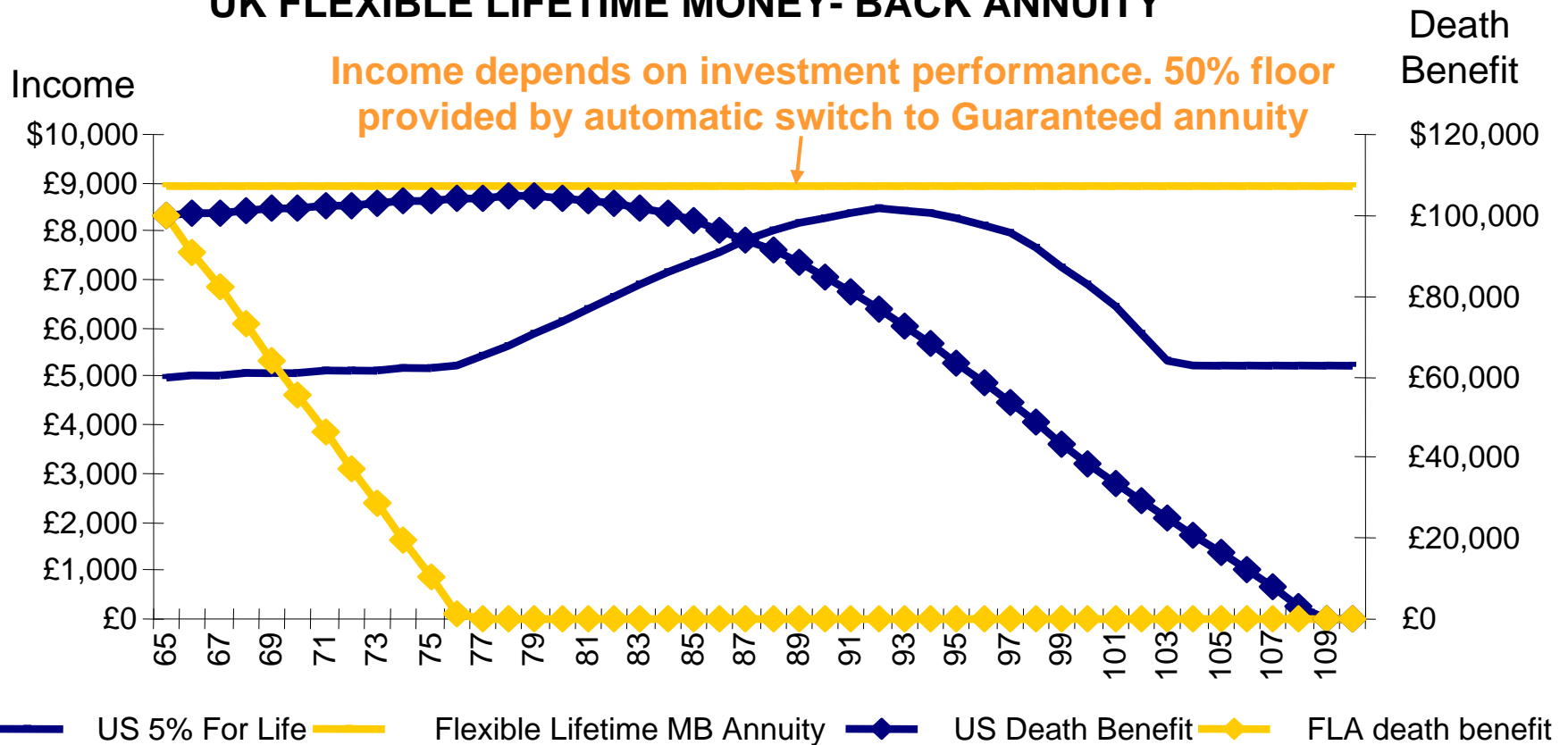
- Cross-subsidy to those living longer from those dying earlier
- Those dying earlier lose out significantly
- Those living longest benefit most
- Achieves highest lifetime guaranteed income

Variable Annuity charging approach

- Fund charges made for guarantees
- Those dying early provide only a modest cross-subsidy to those living longest
- Higher death benefits
- Lower guaranteed lifetime income
- Any move to providing higher guaranteed incomes closer to the levels provided by annuities will require high charges
- Higher income and higher charges will exhaust the fund

Comparison between US Variable Annuity GMWB and UK flexible lifetime money-back annuity

US 5% GUARANTEED FOR LIFE MINIMUM WITHDRAWALS & UK FLEXIBLE LIFETIME MONEY- BACK ANNUITY



Source: Own calculations Male age 65 income taken yearly in arrears; US 6% p.a. growth rate & 0.6% p.a. Living Benefit charge; UK 6% growth to age 90, 4% thereafter & 100% PMA92 (U2003)

The risks of Income Drawdown ...

- Longevity risks
 - Outliving capital or reduced income
 - Leaving unintended bequests
 - Failure to leave intended bequests
- Investment risks
 - Under performance
 - Taking income when market are depressed
 - Yields at fixed annuity purchase date
- Mortality drag and Mortality improvement risk
- Advice and Servicing costs

In Summary ...

- Annuities have a central role as part of any holistic retirement income plan
- Annuitisation is the most effective and efficient way of maximising lifetime income
- There may be a role for more drawdown as a prelude to annuitisation
- Money-back annuities can improve the mass market proposition
- Drawdown will **NOT** eventually replace annuities
- The motion should be defeated

“Drawdown Will Eventually Replace Annuities”

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